



Fig. KISCK16LW Iron Swing Check Valve Installation & Maintenance Instructions

PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE

The life of the valve is dependent on its application and freedom from misuse.

The properties of the fluid being transported such as pressure and temperature must be taken into account to avoid premature failure.

Other factors to be considered are the electrolytic interaction between dissimilar metal used in the system.

Before commissioning a system, it should be flushed to eliminate debris and chemically cleaned as appropriate to eliminate contamination, all of which will prolong the life of the valve.

OPERATING PRESSURES AND TEMPERATURES

Maximum non shock pressure and temperature range:

16 bar from -10°C to 120°C

Water hammer and other shock conditions should be avoided.

Not suitable for fatigue loading, creep conditions, fire testing, fire hazard environment, corrosive service or transporting abrasive solids.

PRESSURE / TEMPERATURE RATING

These valves must be installed in a piping system where the normal pressure and temperature do not exceed the above ratings.

If system testing will subject the valve to pressures in excess of the working pressure rating, this should be within the test pressure for the body.

LAYOUT AND SITING

It should be considered at the design stage where valves will be located.

If the valve is to be installed in a vertical pipeline this must be stated when ordering so that the lever and weight assembly can be positioned accordingly.

Any external guards, pipework or structures should not restrict the free operation of the lever and weight mechanism.

The valve must be installed with the cover upper most in horizontal pipework and with the flow in the upwards direction in vertical pipework.

Swing check valves having 6 diameters of straight pipe upstream and 3 diameters downstream are suitable for flow velocities up to 3 m/s.

If the valve is situated such that turbulent flow enters the valve or is situated close to a reciprocating pump then the velocity should not exceed 2 m/s.



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INSTALLATION

Prior to installation, a check of the identification plate and body marking must be made to ensure that the correct valve is being installed.

Valves are precision manufactured items and as such, should not be subjected to misuse such as careless handling or allowing dirt to enter the valve through the end ports.

Valves and adjoining pipework must be provided with adequate support to avoid inducing bending stresses into the valve body, which will impair its performance.

Immediately prior to valve installation, the pipework to which the valve is to be fastened should be checked for cleanliness and freedom from debris. Valve end protectors should be removed immediately prior to installation.

The direction arrow cast on the body must be coincident with the direction of flow in the pipeline.

Valves should not be lifted using the lever and weight mechanism, use the correct slings.

The surface finish and condition of the gasket contact face on both the valve and pipework should be checked. Incorrect surface finish or damage can cause leakage and no attempt to assemble should be made until it has been rectified.

Gaskets should be suitable for the operating conditions including the maximum temperature and pressure.

Care should be taken to align the flanges being assembled.

During assembly bolts should initially be hand tightened sequentially to make the initial contact ensuring gaskets are concentric with the valve ports and that the flanges are parallel.

Finally tighten the bolts gradually and uniformly in an opposing sequence to prevent bending one flange relative to the other, particularly on flanges with raised faces.

Parallel alignment of flanges is especially important when assembling between exist flanges.

Flanged joints depend on compressive deformation of the gasket material to achieve a seal.

OPERATION

Swing check valves are self-acting and therefore require no manual operation.

The position of the weight on the lever can be adjusted to increase or reduce the speed of closure to suit operating conditions.

MAINTENANCE

The valve should be at ambient pressure and temperature prior to any maintenance.

A full risk assessment and method statement must be compiled prior to any maintenance. Use only correctly fitting tools and equipment.

The valve should be included in a planned maintenance programme to identify any leakage at an early stage and rectified before it becomes serious



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These swing check valves should not normally require any maintenance, apart from periodic inspection for leakage from the cover and hinge pin plug joints.

The valve must be isolated from the system and drained when replacing the following:

Replacing the Cover Gasket

Unscrew the bolts, and remove the cover by inserting a screw driver or wedge between the cover and body then tap with a mallet to release adhesion.

Remove old gasket, ensure the gasket surfaces on the body and cover are clean.

Fit new gasket, ensuring correctly positioned, refit the cover and tighten bolts.

Replacing the Hinge Pin Plug Gasket (if fitted)

Slacken the hinge pin plug, unscrew and remove.

Remove old gasket, ensure the gasket surfaces on the body and plug are clean.

Fit new gasket onto the plug, refit the plug and tighten to achieve a seal.